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From Tuesday March 1. to Saturday March 5. 1714.

ST. *James's, March* 4. The following Addreſs has been preſented to his Majeſty.

An humble Addreſs of the Juſtices of the Peace, Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of Glamorgan; preſented to his Majeſty by Charles Talbot, Eſq; introduced by the Right Honourable Mr. Stanhope, one of his Majeſty's principal Secretaries of State.

Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

Venice, Feb. 22. Laſt Night the Senate elected Sig. Alouiſio Mocenigo Kt. and Sig. Giovanni Emo, to go Ambaſſadors Extraordinary from this Republick to congratulate his Majeſty King George on his happy Acceſſion to the Throne of Great Britain: The firſt of theſe Nobles was formerly Ambaſſador to the late Queen of Great Britain, and ſince Bailo at Conſtantinople; the other was lately employed by this State, tho' without a Publick Character, at the Court of France: There were 7 Competitors who voluntarily ſtood to be choſen Ambaſſadors to the Britiſh Court on this Occaſion; but the Majority, by the uſual Method of balloting, fell upon upon theſe two. Five Men of War, five Galleys, and three Galeaſſes, with Men, Proviſions, Money and Ammunition, are ready to Sail for the Morea; and more Ships are fitting out in the Arſenal. The Earl of Eſſex and the Lord Morpeth, ſet out from hence this Week for Rome; whence the Earl of Burlington came hither to Day.

Ratisbon, Febr. 28. The Elector Palatine having complained to the Diet, that the States General had forcibly taken Poſſeſſion of the Lordſhip of Keſſenich, which is accounted a Fief of the Dutchy of Juliers, a Reſolution paſſed on the 25th Inſtant to deſire the Emperor to take Care that nothing be inſerted in the Treaty of Barrier with the States General, which might be prejudicial to the Rights of the Empire, and of that Dutchy in particular. M. Roht, nominated by the Empire to be Governor of Kehl, has repreſented in a Letter dated the 15th Inſtant, that if the Evacuation of that Fort be longer delayed, it will be in Danger of being ruined for want of timely Repairs, (the French not taking any Care now of the Fortifications) and by the high Waters of the Rhine. Advices from all Parts agree, that the Elector Palatine has at length conſented to the Reſtitution of the Upper Palatinate to the Elector of Bavaria; and ſome ſay, the 5th of next Month is fixed for the Exchange of it againſt Kehl; tho' the Elector Palatine's Miniſter here does not own the having any Notice of it yet. Letters from Munich, ſay the Elector of Bavaria is expected at Liechtenberg, one of his Country Houſes ſome Leagues from thence, on the 18th of next Month.

Paris, March 9. The 24th of laſt Month, the Bailly de Meſmes, Ambaſſador Extraordinary from the Order of Malta, made his publick Entry into this City, with great Magnificence; and on the 26th, he was conducted to a publick Audience of the King at Verſailles. His Majeſty, at the Requeſt of the Pope, has given Count Maſeli leave to raiſe a Regiment of French for the Service of [illegible]

to exhibit forthwith what they think proper to be ſtipulated for the Benefit of the Trade of the People of this Province, and to chuſe fit Perſons for giving the neceſſary Informations on this Head. Two Days after, M. Geldermalſen acquainted Count Koningſeck that he had received a Reſolution from the States General, importing, that their High Mightineſſes deſire to have communicated to them the Demands which the States of theſe Netherlands ſhall make for the Eſtabliſhment of their Commerce with the united Provinces, before the Commiſſioners of Trade nominated by the States General for regulating that Affair ſet out this way. He further acquainted Count Coningſeck, that the States General ſeem deſirous that this Affair of Trade, as well as that of the Barrier, ſhould be regulated at Antwerp, rather than at Bruſſels, as the Imperial Miniſter had propoſed. The Garriſon which the States General have in Dendermonde, having been lately reinforced by one of their Battallions from Mons, Count Koningſeck has thought it proper to diſpatch an Expreſs to Vienna with Advice of that Proceeding.

Bruſſels, March 8. On the 6th Count Koningſeck acquainted M. Vandenbergh Miniſter of the States General, that the Imperial Troops being no longer able to ſubſiſt in the Provinces of Luxembourg and Limbourg, the ſix Weeks being expired during which they were to remain in thoſe Provinces in purſuance of the Convention made for that Purpoſe, and no Expreſs being come from the Emperor for deferring their March, they would begin to move this way to Morrow. This Morning Count Koningſeck receiving Advice from Count Vehlen who commands the ſaid Troops, that he would actually begin his March with them to Morrow, he has deſired a Meeting this Afternoon with two of the Council of State, to propoſe to them their diſpatching circular Letters for the Reception of thoſe Troops into the reſpective Towns where they are to be quartered in the Provinces of Brabant Flanders and Hainault, which Towns are to be ſuch as do not make a Part of the Barrier.

St. James's, March 3. This Day the Marquis Rinuccini, Envoy Extraordinary from the Great Duke of Tuſcany, had his firſt private Audience to Congratulate His Majeſty upon his happy Acceſſion to the Crown of Great Britain; to which he was introduced by the Right Honourable James Stanhope Eſq; one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, and conducted by Sir Clement Cotterel, Maſter of the Ceremonies; and afterwards he had a private Audience of their Royal Highneſſes the Prince, and Princeſs of Wales; to both which he was conducted by the Maſter of the Ceremonies.

St. James's, March 4. This Day the Marquis Durazzo, Envoy-Extraordinary from the Republick of Genoa, had a private Audience of his Majeſty, to which he was introduced by the Right Honourable James Stanhope, Eſq; one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, and conducted by Sir Clement Cottrell, Maſter of the Ceremonies.

The 1ſt of this Month, being the Birth-[illegible]